## Suman Kalyan Pal

### Abdus Salam Sarkar

Indian Institute of Technology Mandi, School of Basic Sciences & Advanced Materials Research Centre, Kamand, 175005, Mandi, India.

suman@iitmandi.ac.in

# Emerging 2D/0D Heterostructures: Spectroscopic Studies and Device Applications

Two-dimensional (2D) transition metal dichalcogenides (TMDs) have emerged as promising candidates for next-generation electronics and optoelectronics. [1] Beyond this, heterojunctions of 2D layered TMDs with zero dimensional (0D) quantum dots and organic semiconductors have attracted significant research attention. [2,3] However, advance material processing knowledge and detail spectroscopic insights are required to exploit these materials in real-world applications. This talk will cover the exploration of various haterojunctions of layered TMDs using spectroscopic techniques and their device applications. A fully solution processable method called semiconductive Polymer assisted chemical exfoliation (SPACE) of synthesizing polymer-MoS<sub>2</sub> (PG-MoS<sub>2</sub>) nanoheterostructures will be presented. Efficient dissociation of excitons in PG-MoS<sub>2</sub> heterostructures will be demonstrated and explained on the lights of electron and hole transfers mechanism. Generation of photocarriers via exciton dissociation at the interface of polymer and MoS<sub>2</sub> is reflected from the strong photovoltaic activity with high open circuit voltage (~0.60 V) of PG-MoS<sub>2</sub>. Moreover, these heterojunctions show a bipolar resistive switching effect with very high ON/OFF ratio (~104) in a sandwiched device. The temperature dependent Raman spectroscopic investigation has been undertaken to know about the electron-phonon (e-p) interaction and thermal properties of organic/TMD heterojunctions. Furthermore, quasi type II semiconductor like band alignment of 0D/2D (CdSe QD/MoS<sub>2</sub> nanosheet) heterojunction facilitates exciton breaking via hole transfer from QD to MoS<sub>2</sub>. We demonstrate extraction of two holes through biexciton breaking at the 0D/2D interface. Our observations provide a new concept of exploiting Multiple Exciton Generation in guantum dot sensitized solar cells.

### References

- [1] K. F. Mak and J. Shan, Nat. Photon., 10 (2016) 216-226
- [2] D. Jariwala, T. J. Marks and Mark C. Hersam, Nat. Mater., 16 (2017) 170-181
- [3] X. Liu, J. Gu, K. Ding, D. Fan, X. Hu, Y-W. Tseng, Y-H. Lee, V. Menon and S. R. Forrest, Nano. Lett., 17 (2017) 3176-3181.

### Figures

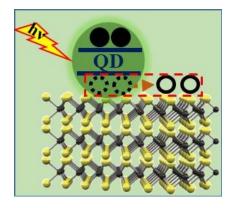


Figure 1: Dissociation of biexciton at the 0D/2D interface.